

**(E)-2,4,7-Trichloro-3-hydroxy-8-methoxy-1,9-dimethyl-6-(1-methyl-1-propenyl)-11*H*-dibenzo[*b,e*][1,4]dioxepin-11-one monohydrate (nidulin monohydrate)**

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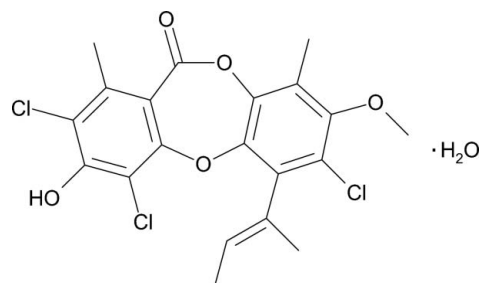
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; *T* = 298 K; mean  $\sigma(C-C)$  = 0.003 Å; *R* factor = 0.043; *wR* factor = 0.118; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.6.

In the title compound, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>17</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, the nidulin molecule consists of three rings, the folded central dioxepin-11-one ring being fused on both sides to phenyl rings. The molecular structure is stabilized by intramolecular O—H···Cl and C—H···Cl hydrogen bonds that generate *S*(6) ring motifs. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular O—H···O and O—H···(O,O) hydrogen bonds mediated by two inversion-related water molecules, generating *R*<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>(8) ring and *C*<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>(4) chain motifs. Weak intermolecular Cl···O halogen bonds are also present with Cl···O distances of 3.071 (1) and 3.182 (2) Å.

**Related literature**

For the structure and synthesis of nidulin, see: Beach & Richards (1961, 1963); Bycroft & Roberts (1963). For the crystal structure of anhydrous nidulin, see: McMillan (1964). For related structures, see: Brassy *et al.* (1977); Connolly *et al.* (1984); Kawahara *et al.* (1988); Blaser & Stoeckli-Evans (1991); Xu *et al.* (2000); Lang *et al.* (2007). For the graph-set description of hydrogen-bond patterns, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



**Experimental**

*Crystal data*

C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>17</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O  
*M<sub>r</sub>* = 461.70  
 Monoclinic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*c*  
*a* = 7.7706 (4) Å  
*b* = 11.0374 (5) Å  
*c* = 23.9428 (10) Å  
 $\beta$  = 96.707 (2)°

*V* = 2039.45 (16) Å<sup>3</sup>  
*Z* = 4  
 Mo *K*α radiation  
 $\mu$  = 0.49 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 298 K  
 0.44 × 0.28 × 0.26 mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)  
*T*<sub>min</sub> = 0.817, *T*<sub>max</sub> = 0.846

11735 measured reflections  
 5969 independent reflections  
 4193 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)  
*R*<sub>int</sub> = 0.022

*Refinement*

*R*[*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.043  
*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.118  
*S* = 1.02  
 5969 reflections  
 276 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$  = 0.36 e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$  = -0.34 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> 1···O5	0.77 (3)	2.47 (3)	3.069 (3)	135 (3)
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> 1···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.87 (4)	2.06 (4)	2.929 (3)	177 (3)
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> 1···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.77 (3)	2.47 (4)	3.143 (2)	147 (3)
O4—H4···O1 <i>W</i> <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	1.89	2.634 (2)	150
O4—H4···Cl2	0.82	2.51	2.9885 (16)	119
Cl16—H161···Cl3	0.96	2.74	3.311 (3)	119

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x* + 2, -*y* + 1, -*z*; (ii) *x* - 1, *y*, *z*; (iii) *x* + 1, *y* + 1, *z*.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.* 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ2646).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o2470-o2471 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536809036277 ]

**(*E*)-2,4,7-Trichloro-3-hydroxy-8-methoxy-1,9-dimethyl-6-(1-methyl-1-propenyl)-11*H*-dibenzo[*b,e*][1,4]dioxepin-11-one monohydrate (nidulin monohydrate)**

**T. Aree, S. Surerum, N. Ngamrojanavanich and P. Kittakoop**

**Comment**

The title compound, (I), (*E*)-2,4,7-trichloro-3-hydroxy-8-methoxy-1,9-dimethyl-6-(1-methyl-1-propenyl)-11*H*-dibenzo[*b,e*][1,4]dioxepin-11-one (nidulin) monohydrate, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>17</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (Fig. 1), is a fungal metabolite that was isolated from an identified marine sponge. The structure of the first anhydrous monoclinic crystal form of nidulin was determined and reported without atomic coordinates by McMillan (1964). Here we report a second monoclinic monohydrate crystal form; a water molecule of hydration acts as the centre of hydrogen bonding network stabilizing the entire crystal.

Because the atomic coordinates of the anhydrous form is not available, the two crystal forms of nidulin cannot be structurally compared. The molecular structures of (I) comprises three rings; the central dioxepin-11-one ring in a boat conformation is fused on both sides to the two fully substituted phenyl rings with an interplanar angle of 120.39 (7)°. The substituent atoms all lie close to the planes of the two phenyl rings. Exceptions are atoms C14, C17, C12 and C13 which deviate from the mean planes, by ≈ -0.11 Å. The methoxy C16 atom deviates from the C7···C12 mean plane by 1.229 (4) Å and the C8—C9—O5—C16 torsion angle is 105.26 (23)°. The plane of the 1-methyl-1-propenyl group defined by atoms C17, C18, C19 and C20 makes an angle of 40.23 (6)° with respect to the attached phenyl ring. For the central dioxepin-11-one ring, atoms O1, O2, O3 and C13 are displaced by 1.188 (4), 0.859 (3), 0.584 (2) and 0.669 (3) Å, respectively, from the mean plane through atoms C1, C2, C7 and C12.

The nidulin molecule is stabilized by intramolecular O4—H···Cl2 and C16—H···Cl3 hydrogen bonds each of which generates an *S*(6) ring motif. (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) and is linked to the water molecule by an intermolecular O1W—H···O5 hydrogen bond (Fig. 1). The crystal lattice of nidulin is sustained by O—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonds mediated by two inversion-related water molecules which generate an *R*<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>(8) ring motif, (Fig. 2). *C*<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>(4) chains (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) are also formed. The structure is further stabilized by weak intermolecular Cl2···O1W and Cl3···O3 halogen bonds.

**Experimental**

The title compound, (I), was extracted from the marine-derived fungus *Aspergillus sp.* CRI282-03 and single crystals of (I) were obtained from slow evaporation of an acetone-ethylacetate-hexane (1:1:1, *v/v*) solution at room temperature. It was found later that nidulin contained a water molecule of hydration in the crystal lattice. Water molecules found as traces in the organic solvents, are retained in the sample by strong hydrogen bonding to the nidulin molecules.

**Refinement**

The water H-atoms were located in a difference electron density map and refined isotropically. All other H atoms were located and then refined using a riding model: C—H = 0.93 Å (methine), *U*<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2*U*<sub>eq</sub>(C) and C—H = 0.96 Å (methyl), O—H = 0.82 Å (hydroxyl), *U*<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.5*U*<sub>eq</sub>(C/O).

## Figures

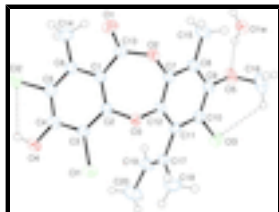


Fig. 1. The structure of (I) with atom numbering and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

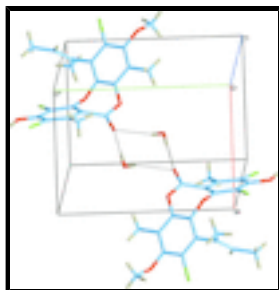


Fig. 2. : O—H...O hydrogen bonds generating an  $R_4^2(8)$  ring motif from inversion-related nidulin and water molecules. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

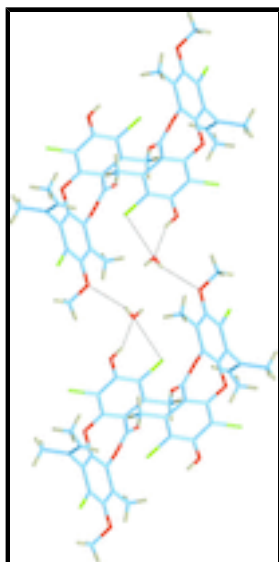


Fig. 3. :  $C_2^2(4)$  chains generated from the two inversion-related nidulin-monohydrate molecules through O—H...O hydrogen bonds. Intermolecular Cl...O halogen bonds are also shown. Hydrogen bonds and Cl...O interactions are shown as dashed lines.

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*Crystal data*

$C_{20}H_{17}Cl_3O_5 \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 461.70$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.7706$  (4) Å

$b = 11.0374$  (5) Å

$c = 23.9428$  (10) Å

$\beta = 96.707$  (2)°

$F_{000} = 952$

$D_x = 1.504$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 4256 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – $30.1$ °

$\mu = 0.49$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  K

Rod, colourless

$V = 2039.45 (16) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$

$0.44 \times 0.28 \times 0.26 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	5969 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	4193 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$
$T = 298 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.5^\circ$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -11 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.817$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.846$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 15$
11735 measured reflections	$l = -30 \rightarrow 34$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.118$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0513P)^2 + 0.801P]$
$S = 1.02$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
5969 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
276 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	1.19555 (8)	1.09399 (5)	0.19154 (2)	0.04719 (16)
Cl2	1.27489 (9)	1.13429 (5)	-0.02688 (2)	0.04800 (16)

## supplementary materials

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C13	0.51380 (6)	0.74321 (5)	0.19233 (2)	0.04035 (13)
C1	1.2062 (2)	0.84575 (16)	0.07006 (7)	0.0260 (3)
C2	1.1823 (2)	0.90311 (15)	0.12065 (7)	0.0242 (3)
C3	1.2058 (2)	1.02676 (17)	0.12732 (8)	0.0294 (4)
C4	1.2405 (2)	1.09852 (17)	0.08192 (8)	0.0318 (4)
C5	1.2461 (2)	1.04181 (17)	0.02995 (8)	0.0312 (4)
C6	1.2317 (2)	0.91718 (16)	0.02277 (8)	0.0279 (4)
C7	1.0090 (2)	0.66126 (15)	0.12272 (7)	0.0254 (3)
C8	0.8747 (2)	0.57758 (16)	0.11380 (8)	0.0292 (4)
C9	0.7239 (2)	0.60330 (17)	0.13765 (8)	0.0298 (4)
C10	0.7088 (2)	0.71040 (16)	0.16780 (7)	0.0269 (4)
C11	0.8453 (2)	0.79319 (15)	0.17737 (7)	0.0234 (3)
C12	0.9971 (2)	0.76342 (15)	0.15515 (7)	0.0238 (3)
C13	1.2414 (2)	0.71340 (17)	0.06833 (8)	0.0291 (4)
C14	1.2365 (3)	0.8636 (2)	-0.03500 (8)	0.0418 (5)
H143	1.1706	0.9138	-0.0624	0.063*
H141	1.1876	0.7837	-0.0361	0.063*
H142	1.3543	0.8594	-0.0432	0.063*
C15	0.8942 (3)	0.46381 (19)	0.08076 (10)	0.0446 (5)
H152	0.8695	0.4809	0.0413	0.067*
H151	0.8147	0.4036	0.0913	0.067*
H153	1.0106	0.4342	0.0886	0.067*
C16	0.5569 (4)	0.4478 (2)	0.17417 (12)	0.0629 (7)
H162	0.6588	0.4005	0.1852	0.094*
H163	0.4611	0.3948	0.1630	0.094*
H161	0.5310	0.4967	0.2053	0.094*
C17	0.8290 (2)	0.91073 (16)	0.20689 (8)	0.0282 (4)
C18	0.9100 (4)	0.9166 (2)	0.26682 (9)	0.0496 (6)
H181	0.9067	0.9985	0.2801	0.074*
H183	1.0282	0.8899	0.2691	0.074*
H182	0.8471	0.8652	0.2896	0.074*
C19	0.7478 (3)	1.00046 (18)	0.17871 (9)	0.0404 (5)
H19	0.7012	0.9828	0.1421	0.061*
C20	0.7211 (4)	1.1273 (2)	0.19822 (13)	0.0623 (7)
H201	0.7663	1.1347	0.2371	0.093*
H202	0.5995	1.1457	0.1938	0.093*
H203	0.7803	1.1829	0.1762	0.093*
O1	1.3465 (2)	0.67026 (14)	0.04114 (6)	0.0449 (4)
O2	1.16197 (17)	0.63383 (11)	0.10058 (6)	0.0321 (3)
O3	1.14180 (15)	0.83871 (11)	0.16655 (5)	0.0265 (3)
O4	1.2591 (3)	1.21752 (13)	0.09119 (7)	0.0519 (4)
H4	1.2950	1.2497	0.0639	0.078*
O5	0.58658 (19)	0.52480 (13)	0.12786 (6)	0.0418 (4)
O1W	0.3826 (3)	0.38791 (17)	0.02997 (9)	0.0617 (6)
H1W1	0.465 (5)	0.372 (3)	0.0093 (15)	0.089 (12)*
H2W1	0.396 (4)	0.449 (3)	0.0451 (14)	0.076 (11)*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0688 (4)	0.0363 (3)	0.0391 (3)	-0.0159 (2)	0.0170 (3)	-0.0148 (2)
C12	0.0726 (4)	0.0353 (3)	0.0363 (3)	-0.0106 (3)	0.0073 (3)	0.0068 (2)
C13	0.0276 (2)	0.0440 (3)	0.0510 (3)	-0.0006 (2)	0.0115 (2)	0.0000 (2)
C1	0.0256 (8)	0.0231 (8)	0.0295 (9)	-0.0007 (6)	0.0044 (7)	-0.0032 (7)
C2	0.0215 (8)	0.0244 (8)	0.0268 (8)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0036 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
C3	0.0320 (9)	0.0270 (9)	0.0300 (9)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0075 (7)	-0.0073 (7)
C4	0.0348 (10)	0.0239 (9)	0.0374 (10)	-0.0070 (7)	0.0067 (8)	-0.0026 (7)
C5	0.0324 (10)	0.0303 (9)	0.0307 (9)	-0.0045 (7)	0.0032 (8)	0.0034 (7)
C6	0.0287 (9)	0.0279 (9)	0.0272 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0029 (7)	-0.0027 (7)
C7	0.0272 (8)	0.0207 (8)	0.0288 (9)	0.0032 (6)	0.0057 (7)	0.0012 (6)
C8	0.0366 (10)	0.0209 (8)	0.0293 (9)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0008 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C9	0.0305 (9)	0.0259 (9)	0.0318 (9)	-0.0064 (7)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0018 (7)
C10	0.0241 (8)	0.0279 (9)	0.0288 (9)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0038 (7)	0.0031 (7)
C11	0.0253 (8)	0.0226 (8)	0.0225 (8)	0.0009 (6)	0.0039 (6)	0.0010 (6)
C12	0.0244 (8)	0.0210 (8)	0.0259 (8)	-0.0024 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0014 (6)
C13	0.0320 (9)	0.0258 (9)	0.0304 (9)	0.0013 (7)	0.0079 (7)	-0.0029 (7)
C14	0.0591 (14)	0.0368 (11)	0.0298 (10)	-0.0036 (10)	0.0063 (9)	-0.0035 (8)
C15	0.0521 (13)	0.0299 (11)	0.0529 (13)	-0.0047 (9)	0.0107 (11)	-0.0136 (9)
C16	0.0649 (17)	0.0448 (14)	0.0782 (19)	-0.0249 (12)	0.0053 (14)	0.0144 (13)
C17	0.0316 (9)	0.0261 (9)	0.0281 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0095 (7)	-0.0044 (7)
C18	0.0693 (16)	0.0460 (13)	0.0322 (11)	-0.0012 (11)	0.0007 (11)	-0.0094 (9)
C19	0.0502 (12)	0.0298 (10)	0.0430 (12)	0.0058 (9)	0.0126 (10)	-0.0050 (8)
C20	0.0777 (19)	0.0327 (12)	0.0809 (19)	0.0149 (12)	0.0276 (16)	-0.0084 (12)
O1	0.0545 (9)	0.0367 (8)	0.0484 (9)	0.0107 (7)	0.0267 (8)	-0.0013 (7)
O2	0.0348 (7)	0.0214 (6)	0.0423 (8)	0.0042 (5)	0.0132 (6)	-0.0001 (5)
O3	0.0264 (6)	0.0274 (6)	0.0260 (6)	-0.0053 (5)	0.0044 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
O4	0.0855 (13)	0.0249 (7)	0.0483 (9)	-0.0148 (8)	0.0211 (9)	-0.0054 (6)
O5	0.0374 (8)	0.0385 (8)	0.0482 (9)	-0.0166 (6)	-0.0003 (7)	-0.0030 (7)
O1W	0.0887 (15)	0.0334 (9)	0.0700 (13)	-0.0188 (9)	0.0389 (12)	-0.0100 (9)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C11—C3	1.7175 (18)	C13—O2	1.364 (2)
C12—C5	1.7361 (19)	C14—H143	0.9600
C13—C10	1.7261 (18)	C14—H141	0.9600
C1—C2	1.398 (2)	C14—H142	0.9600
C1—C6	1.412 (2)	C15—H152	0.9600
C1—C13	1.488 (2)	C15—H151	0.9600
C2—O3	1.376 (2)	C15—H153	0.9600
C2—C3	1.384 (2)	C16—O5	1.437 (3)
C3—C4	1.397 (3)	C16—H162	0.9600
C4—O4	1.337 (2)	C16—H163	0.9600
C4—C5	1.398 (3)	C16—H161	0.9600
C5—C6	1.389 (3)	C17—C19	1.317 (3)
C6—C14	1.509 (3)	C17—C18	1.499 (3)



## supplementary materials

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C7—C12	1.378 (2)	C18—H181	0.9600
C7—O2	1.390 (2)	C18—H183	0.9600
C7—C8	1.391 (3)	C18—H182	0.9600
C8—C9	1.391 (3)	C19—C20	1.498 (3)
C8—C15	1.501 (3)	C19—H19	0.9300
C9—O5	1.373 (2)	C20—H201	0.9600
C9—C10	1.397 (3)	C20—H202	0.9600
C10—C11	1.399 (2)	C20—H203	0.9600
C11—C12	1.389 (2)	O4—H4	0.8200
C11—C17	1.490 (2)	O1W—H1W1	0.87 (4)
C12—O3	1.399 (2)	O1W—H2W1	0.77 (3)
C13—O1	1.201 (2)		
C2—C1—C6	119.13 (16)	C6—C14—H141	109.5
C2—C1—C13	120.81 (16)	H143—C14—H141	109.5
C6—C1—C13	118.85 (16)	C6—C14—H142	109.5
O3—C2—C3	117.18 (15)	H143—C14—H142	109.5
O3—C2—C1	121.60 (15)	H141—C14—H142	109.5
C3—C2—C1	121.16 (16)	C8—C15—H152	109.5
C2—C3—C4	120.29 (16)	C8—C15—H151	109.5
C2—C3—C11	120.68 (14)	H152—C15—H151	109.5
C4—C3—C11	119.03 (14)	C8—C15—H153	109.5
O4—C4—C3	117.05 (17)	H152—C15—H153	109.5
O4—C4—C5	125.00 (17)	H151—C15—H153	109.5
C3—C4—C5	117.89 (16)	O5—C16—H162	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.89 (17)	O5—C16—H163	109.5
C6—C5—C12	120.08 (15)	H162—C16—H163	109.5
C4—C5—C12	117.03 (14)	O5—C16—H161	109.5
C5—C6—C1	118.06 (16)	H162—C16—H161	109.5
C5—C6—C14	119.41 (17)	H163—C16—H161	109.5
C1—C6—C14	122.48 (16)	C19—C17—C11	118.29 (17)
C12—C7—O2	120.62 (15)	C19—C17—C18	125.47 (19)
C12—C7—C8	122.10 (16)	C11—C17—C18	116.24 (17)
O2—C7—C8	117.15 (15)	C17—C18—H181	109.5
C7—C8—C9	117.01 (16)	C17—C18—H183	109.5
C7—C8—C15	121.09 (18)	H181—C18—H183	109.5
C9—C8—C15	121.90 (17)	C17—C18—H182	109.5
O5—C9—C8	118.43 (17)	H181—C18—H182	109.5
O5—C9—C10	120.75 (17)	H183—C18—H182	109.5
C8—C9—C10	120.69 (16)	C17—C19—C20	128.2 (2)
C9—C10—C11	121.96 (16)	C17—C19—H19	115.9
C9—C10—C13	118.92 (14)	C20—C19—H19	115.9
C11—C10—C13	119.10 (14)	C19—C20—H201	109.5
C12—C11—C10	116.40 (15)	C19—C20—H202	109.5
C12—C11—C17	120.72 (15)	H201—C20—H202	109.5
C10—C11—C17	122.79 (15)	C19—C20—H203	109.5
C7—C12—C11	121.66 (16)	H201—C20—H203	109.5
C7—C12—O3	119.40 (15)	H202—C20—H203	109.5
C11—C12—O3	118.93 (15)	C13—O2—C7	122.63 (14)
O1—C13—O2	115.66 (17)	C2—O3—C12	113.85 (13)

O1—C13—C1	122.90 (17)	C4—O4—H4	109.5
O2—C13—C1	121.33 (15)	C9—O5—C16	115.65 (17)
C6—C14—H143	109.5	H1W1—O1W—H2W1	112 (3)
C6—C1—C2—O3	174.18 (15)	O5—C9—C10—C13	-0.4 (2)
C13—C1—C2—O3	-18.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C13	175.49 (14)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-8.7 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.1 (3)
C13—C1—C2—C3	158.65 (17)	C13—C10—C11—C12	-178.12 (13)
O3—C2—C3—C4	-177.53 (16)	C9—C10—C11—C17	176.83 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	5.2 (3)	C13—C10—C11—C17	-1.4 (2)
O3—C2—C3—C11	3.3 (2)	O2—C7—C12—C11	179.51 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C11	-173.97 (14)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-4.8 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O4	178.96 (18)	O2—C7—C12—O3	-1.1 (2)
C11—C3—C4—O4	-1.9 (3)	C8—C7—C12—O3	174.52 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C7	3.6 (3)
C11—C3—C4—C5	-179.24 (15)	C17—C11—C12—C7	-173.18 (16)
O4—C4—C5—C6	177.9 (2)	C10—C11—C12—O3	-175.78 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-5.0 (3)	C17—C11—C12—O3	7.4 (2)
O4—C4—C5—C12	-1.4 (3)	C2—C1—C13—O1	-138.3 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C12	175.76 (15)	C6—C1—C13—O1	29.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.5 (3)	C2—C1—C13—O2	37.8 (3)
C12—C5—C6—C1	-179.23 (14)	C6—C1—C13—O2	-154.90 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C14	179.14 (19)	C12—C11—C17—C19	98.9 (2)
C12—C5—C6—C14	-1.6 (3)	C10—C11—C17—C19	-77.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	5.2 (3)	C12—C11—C17—C18	-80.3 (2)
C13—C1—C6—C5	-162.32 (17)	C10—C11—C17—C18	103.1 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C14	-172.29 (18)	C11—C17—C19—C20	-177.4 (2)
C13—C1—C6—C14	20.1 (3)	C18—C17—C19—C20	1.7 (4)
C12—C7—C8—C9	2.1 (3)	O1—C13—O2—C7	-162.93 (18)
O2—C7—C8—C9	177.87 (16)	C1—C13—O2—C7	20.7 (3)
C12—C7—C8—C15	-176.85 (18)	C12—C7—O2—C13	-54.8 (2)
O2—C7—C8—C15	-1.0 (3)	C8—C7—O2—C13	129.38 (18)
C7—C8—C9—O5	177.59 (16)	C3—C2—O3—C12	129.37 (17)
C15—C8—C9—O5	-3.5 (3)	C1—C2—O3—C12	-53.4 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.6 (3)	C7—C12—O3—C2	70.77 (19)
C15—C8—C9—C10	-179.45 (19)	C11—C12—O3—C2	-109.84 (17)
O5—C9—C10—C11	-178.63 (16)	C8—C9—O5—C16	105.3 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-2.8 (3)	C10—C9—O5—C16	-78.8 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
O1W—H2W1 $\cdots$ O5	0.77 (3)	2.47 (3)	3.069 (3)	135 (3)
O1W—H1W1 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.87 (4)	2.06 (4)	2.929 (3)	177 (3)
O1W—H2W1 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.77 (3)	2.47 (4)	3.143 (2)	147 (3)
O4—H4 $\cdots$ O1W <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	1.89	2.634 (2)	150
O4—H4 $\cdots$ C12	0.82	2.51	2.9885 (16)	119
C16—H161 $\cdots$ C13	0.96	2.74	3.311 (3)	119

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $x+1, y+1, z$ .

Fig. 1

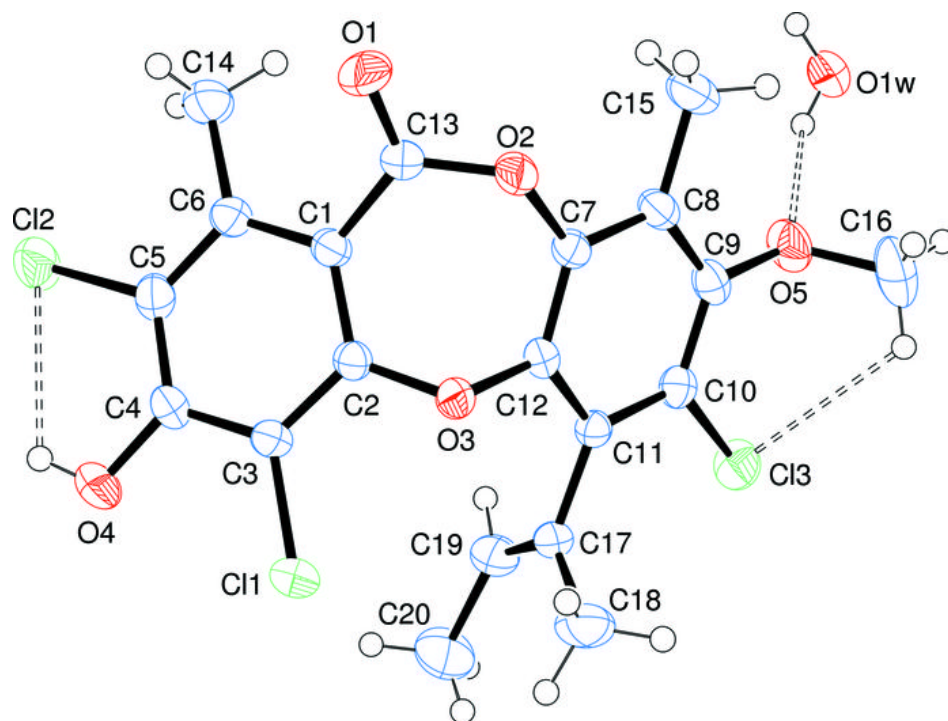


Fig. 2

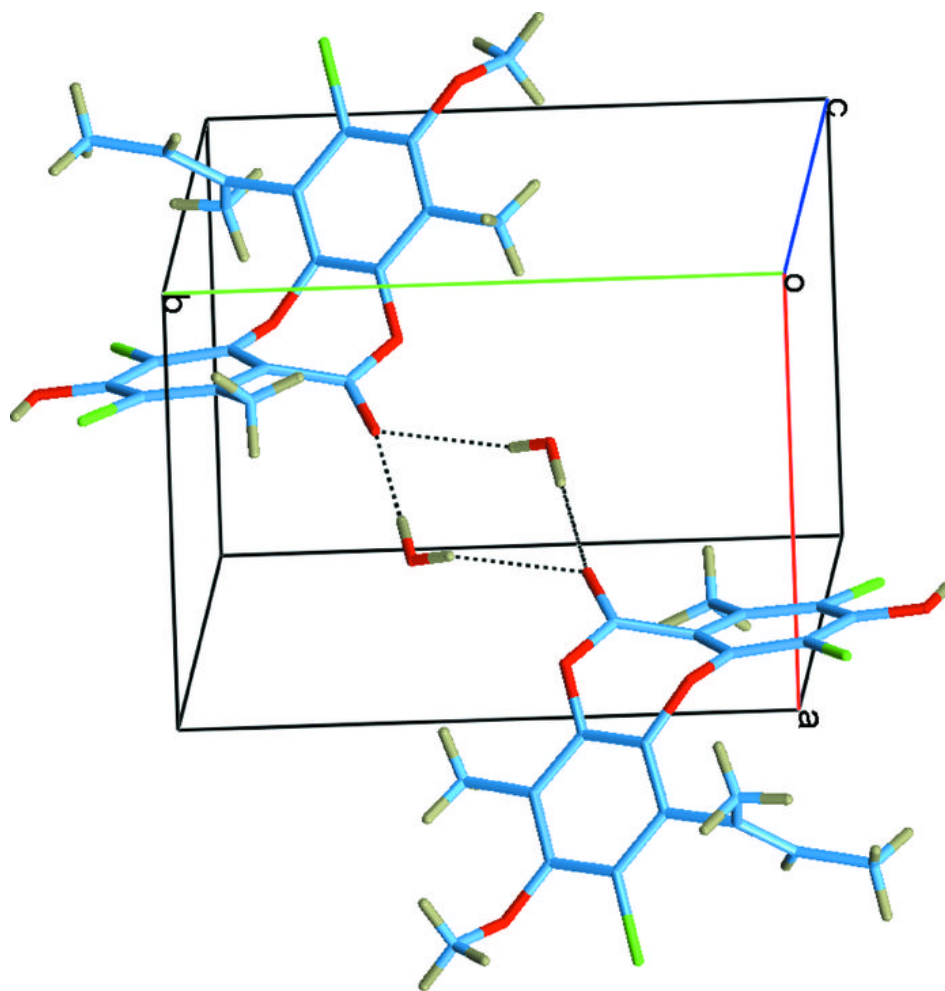


Fig. 3

